



USN

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

MATDIP301

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021

**Advanced Mathematics – I**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

*Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.*

- 1 a. Express the complex number  $\frac{2+i}{3-4i}$  in  $a+ib$  form. (06 Marks)
- b. Express the complex number  $1+\cos\alpha+i\sin\alpha$  in the modulus and argument form. (07 Marks)
- c. Simplify  $\frac{(\cos 3\theta+i\sin 3\theta)^4(\cos 4\theta-i\sin 4\theta)^5}{(\cos 4\theta+i\sin 4\theta)^3(\cos 5\theta+i\sin 5\theta)^4}$ . (07 Marks)
- 2 a. Find the  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $y=e^{ax}\cos(bx+c)$ . (06 Marks)
- b. If  $y=\sin(m\sin^{-1}x)$ , prove that  $(1-x^2)y_{n+2}-(2n+1)xy_{n+1}+(m^2-n^2)y_n=0$ . (07 Marks)
- c. Prove that  $\sqrt{1+\sin 2x}=1+x-\frac{x^2}{2}-\frac{x^3}{6}+\frac{x^4}{24}+\dots$  by using Maclaurin's expansion. (07 Marks)
- 3 a. In usual notations, prove that  $\tan\phi=r\frac{d\theta}{dr}$ . (06 Marks)
- b. Prove that the curves  $r=a(1+\cos\theta)$  and  $r=b(1-\cos\theta)$  cuts orthogonally. (07 Marks)
- c. Find the pedal equation for  $r^m=a^m\cos m\theta$ . (07 Marks)
- 4 a. Prove the Euler's theorem in the form  $x\frac{\partial U}{\partial x}+y\frac{\partial U}{\partial y}=nU$ . (06 Marks)
- b. If  $U=f(x,y)$  where  $x=r\cos\theta$  and  $y=r\sin\theta$ , prove that:  

$$\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial x}\right)^2+\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial y}\right)^2=\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial r}\right)^2+\frac{1}{r^2}\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial\theta}\right)^2$$
 (07 Marks)
- c. If  $U=x+y+z$ ,  $V=y-z$ ,  $W=z$  find the Jacobian  $J=\frac{\partial(U,V,W)}{\partial(x,y,z)}$ . (07 Marks)
- 5 a. Find the Reduction formula for  $\int\sin^n x dx$ . (06 Marks)
- b. Evaluate  $\int_0^1\int_0^{y^2}xy dx dy$ . (07 Marks)
- c. Evaluate  $\int_0^{2\pi}\int_0^\pi\int_0^a r^2\sin\theta dr d\theta d\phi$  (07 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg, 42+8=50, will be treated as malpractice.



**MATDIP301**

- 6 a. Prove that  $\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = \sqrt{\pi}$  (06 Marks)
- b. Derive the relation between beta and gamma functions as  $\beta(m, n) = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)}$ . (07 Marks)
- c. Prove that  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\sin \theta} d\theta \cdot \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{\sin \theta}} = \pi$  (07 Marks)
- 7 a. Solve  $(x + y + 1)^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 1$  (06 Marks)
- b. Solve  $(1 + e^{x/y})dx + e^{x/y} \left(1 - \frac{x}{y}\right)dy = 0$  (07 Marks)
- c. Solve  $(5x^4 + 3x^2y^2 - 2xy^3)dx + (2x^3y - 3x^2y^2 - 5y^4)dy = 0$  (07 Marks)
- 8 a. Solve  $(D^3 - 3D^2 + 3D - 1)y = 0$  (06 Marks)
- b. Solve  $(D^2 - 5D + 6)y = 2e^{5x}$  (07 Marks)
- c. Solve  $(D^2 + D + 1)y = \sin 2x$  (07 Marks)

\*\*\*\*\*